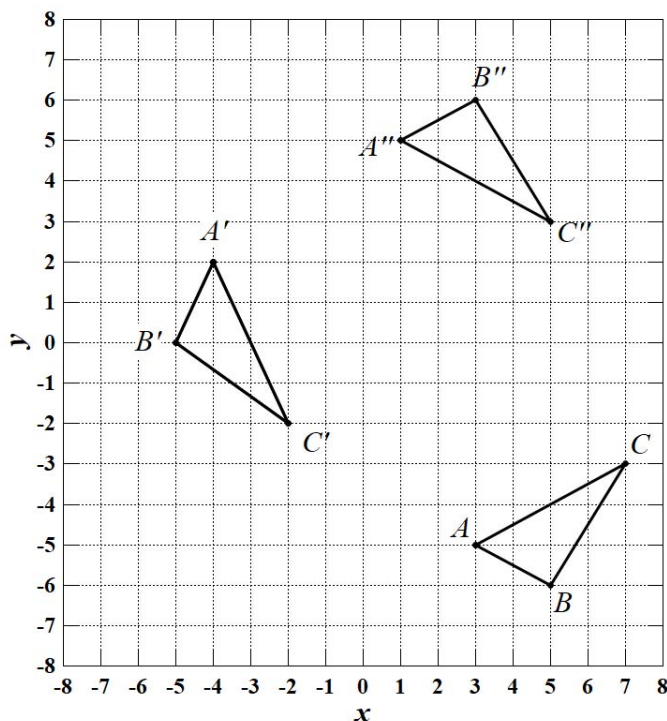


1. Transformations and Symmetry**Problems**

1.1. Clearly emphasize the method of your solution, not just the answer.

Triangles $A'B'C'$ and ABC have direct congruence.

Triangles $A''B''C''$ and ABC have opposite congruence.



a) Find the translation vector $\vec{t} = (t_x, t_y)$ to bring $A'B'C'$ into coincidence with ABC after a counter-clockwise rotation by 90° around each of the following points:

i) A' ,

ii) C' ,

iii) $(0,0)$

b) Repeat a) if the translation is instead performed *before* the rotation about the specified point.

c) Find an equation in the form $u \cdot x + v \cdot y = w$ for a line bisecting each of the following segments:

i) $A' - A$

ii) $B' - B$

d) Determine the Chasles center to transform $A'B'C' \rightarrow ABC$ by pure rotation.

e) Consider a line of reflection m_1 with equation $4x - y = 10$. Find the equation for a second line m_2 , such that a reflection across m_1 , followed by a reflection across m_2 , transforms $A'B'C' \rightarrow ABC$.

f) For the glide transformation $A''B''C'' \rightarrow ABC$, find:

i) an equation for the glide line;

ii) the translation component \vec{t} .

g) Find the Chasles center to rotate $A''B''C'' \rightarrow ABC$ after a reflection across the line $x = 0$.